# Mobile corrosion test for automotive materials

# 6 April 2022



# Corrosion testing of automotive materials

# What can we test? How can we test?

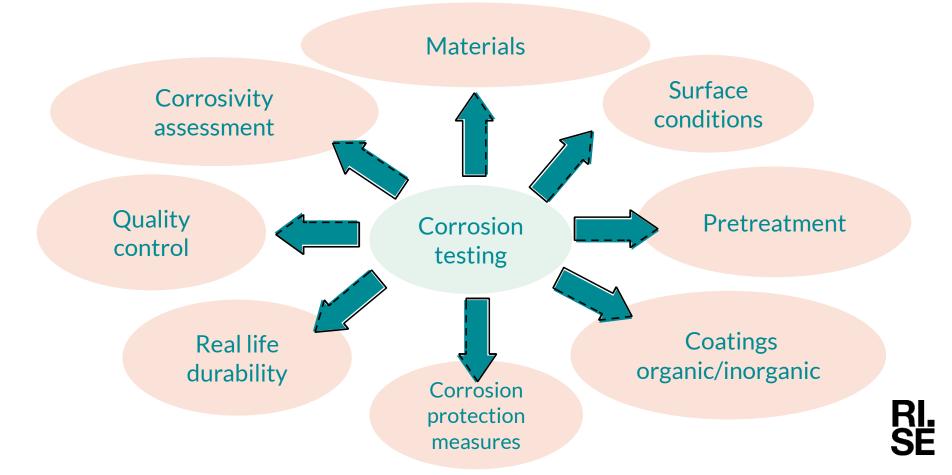


# Mobile exposure

#### Experience at RISE



## Corrosion testing within the Automotive industry - What can we test?



# Corrosion testing of automotive materials – How can we test?

Accelerated corrosion testing



Stationary testing - marine atmosphere



Proving ground testing



#### Mobile on-vehicle exposure

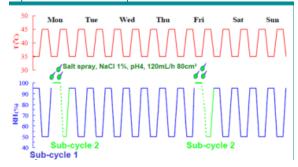


RI. SE

# Accelerated corrosion testing in the automotive industry

- VDA 233-102
- Volvo VCS 1027.1449
- Volvo STD 423-0014
- Scania STD 4319
- Scania STD 4445
- Renault ECC1 D17/228
- Ford CETP 00.00-L-467
- Nissan M 0158 CCT IV
- PSA TCAC D13 5486

Volvo STD 423-0014



Mobile corrosion test for automotive materials 2022-04-06

- Daimler KWT
  - GM 9540P

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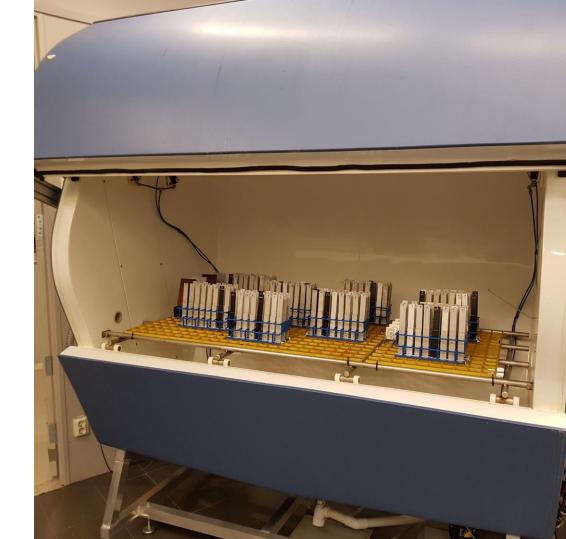
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- Honda DWG B801
  - SAE J2334
  - VW PV 1210
  - Fiat 50493/04
  - Toyota TSH1555G



# Mobile on-vehicle exposures performed at RISE

Exposed corrosion test specimens and equipment:

- Bare materials
- Painted specimens
- Crevice specimens
- Bimetallic specimens
- Atmospheric corrosion sensors
- Temp and humidity sensors
- Road mud analyses

#### Materials:

- CRS
- ZincGl
- GA
- ZnMgAl
- AA6016
- AA5182HSS, AISi
- SS







Corrosion data: On-vehicle exposure from "worldwide exposure program"

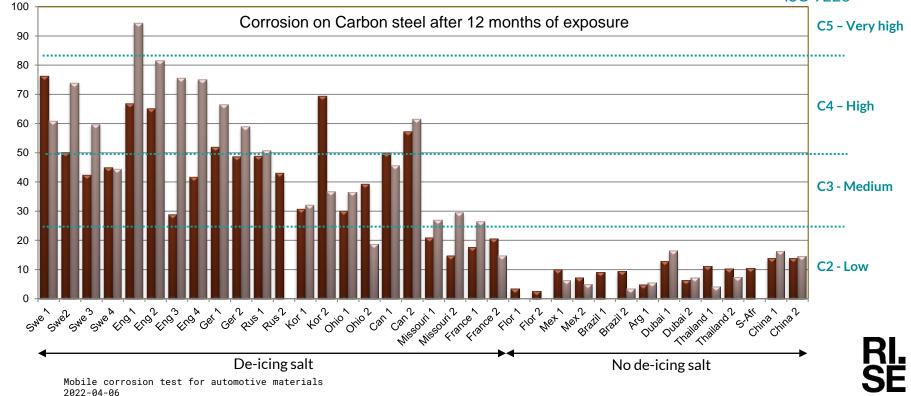
Corrosion, µm/year







Corrosivity categories ISO 9223

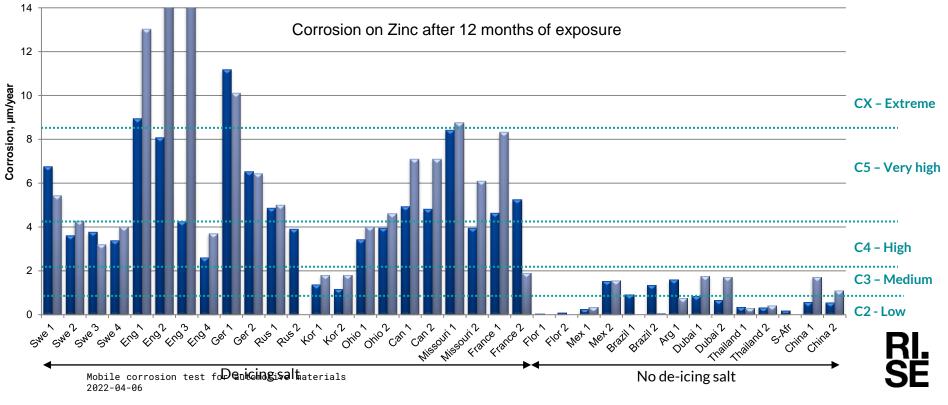


Corrosion data: On-vehicle exposure from "worldwide exposure program"

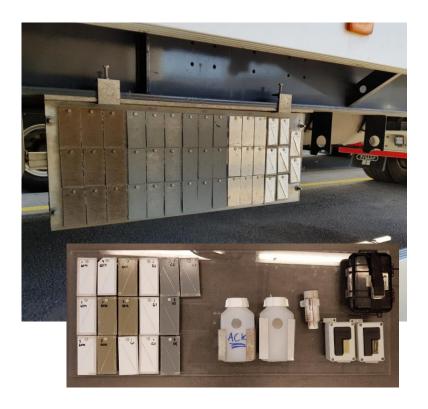




Corrosivity categories ISO 9223



# Environmental and Reference data from field exposure

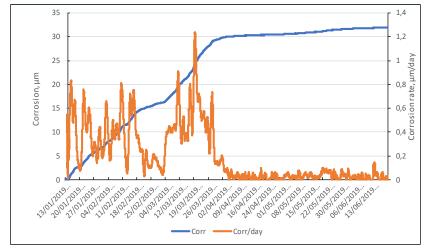


#### **Environmental measurements:**

- Temperature/Relative humidity sensors T (°C), RH (%), ToW ,(h)
- Road mud collector
  Deposition of: anion, cation
- Atmospheric corrosion sensors, Fe and Zn Corrosion (μm), corrosion rate (μm/day)
- GPS

Driving distance, position

#### Atmospheric corrosion sensor Fe



## Accelerated corrosion testing/Mobile on-vehicle exposure



- Simulating on-road vehicle conditions in areas using de-icing salt.
- Giving a certain amount of acceleration, without loosing correlation to the field.
- Correctly discriminate any materials and design where corrosion is a concern.







12 months exposure

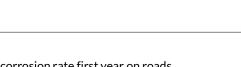
## Carbon steel – Bare

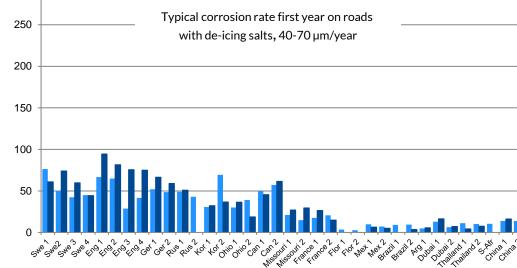
400

350

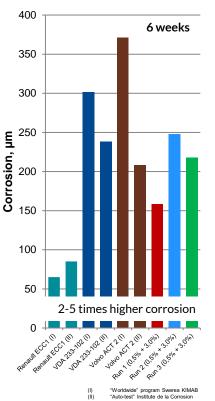
300

Corrosion, µm/year



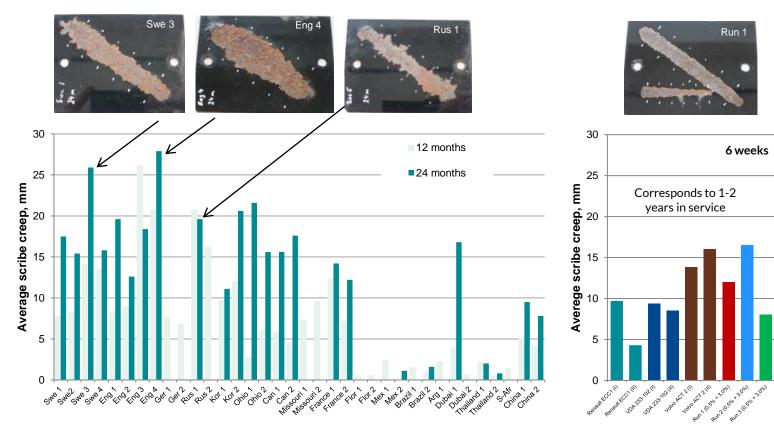








### Carbon steel - Full paint system

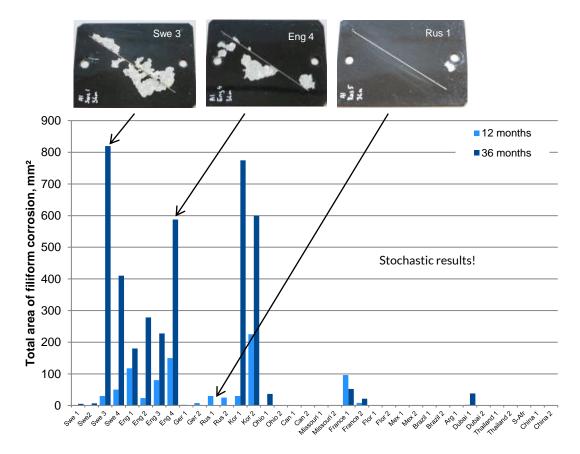


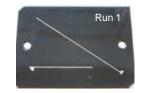
"Worldwide" program Swerea KIMAB "Auto-test" Institute de la Corrosion

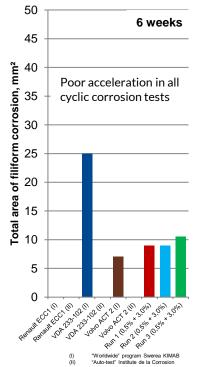
(ii)



## AA6016 - Full paint system









### Typical corrosion data from the performed Cyclic Corrosion Testing and Mobile exposures

Materials	Accelerated corrosion test 6 weeks	Mobile exposure <sup>*</sup> 12 months	Acceleration factor
Corrosion			
CRS, µm	80-350	40-70	≈ 2-5
Zinc, µm	6-20	4-7	≈ 1-3
AA6016, μm	0,2-0,7	0,4-1,6	≈ 0,5
Delamination			
CRS, mm	5-16	5-8	≈ 1-2
GI, mm	1-3	1-3	≈ 1
AA6016, mm²	0-25	0-800	? Stochastic results

\* areas with the use of de-icing salt



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# Corrosion testing of automotive materials



#### Accelerated corrosion testing

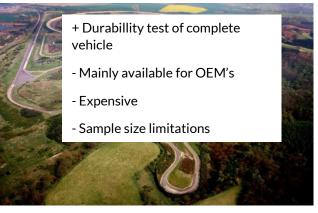
- + Relatively quick
- + Inexpensive
- Large difference between different tests
- Different acceleration factor for different materials
- Questionable reliability for some materials

#### Stationary testing - marine atmosphere

- + No limitation of size of test objects
- + Inexpensive
- Questionable reliability, not road environment



#### Proving ground testing



#### Mobile on-vehicle exposure

- + Reliable results
- + Real environmental condition
- + Give real life durability
- Time consuming

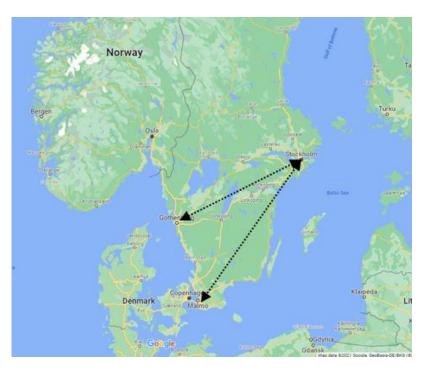


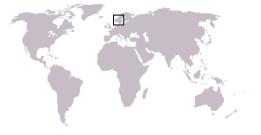
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# Mobile exposure

Samples exposed on a trailer travelling between Stockholm and Gothenburg/Malmö in Sweden. This area are one of the most corrosive in the world due to frequent use of de-icing salt.









# Long term on-vehicle exposure of different types of automotive materials





2022-04-06

#### ABOUT THE PROJECT

- 10 years exposure
- Withdrawal after 5 years
- Yearly inspections

#### **Environmental measurements:**

- Temperature/Relative humidity sensors
- Atmospheric corrosion sensors: Fe
  and Zn
- Road mud collector
- GPS

#### Bare materials; 100 x 50mm

- Carbon steel
- Zinc
- SS EN1.4310
- ALX-STD
- Extruded AA6060 (recycled and primary)
- AA7075 T6 with tensile stress

#### Full automotive paint system; 100 x 100mm

- GI
- GA
- ZnMgAl
- AA6016
- SS MaX, only E-coating
- ALX-STD

#### Crevice specimens; 100 x 76mm E-coating

- Gl
- ZnMgAl
- AA6016 and AA6005
- HSS AlSi





## **MRC Automotive Corrosion – Member companies**



# Summary

Mobile on-vehicle exposure is a very good method for corrosion testing of automotive materials. It is suitable for testing of:

- Materials, surface condition, pretreatment and coatings
- Corrosion protection measures
- Corrosivity assessment.

In order to further develop cyclic corrosion tests there is a need to increase the knowledge on:

- Influence of environmental parameters on the degradation of different materials
- Mechanisms of degradation
- Modelling of atmospheric corrosion.





# International Seminar in the Field of Automotive Corrosion

# 9-10<sup>th</sup> of November 2022 - Stockholm

- The 8<sup>th</sup> International Seminar in the field of Automotive have been postponed due to the Covid-19 pandemic.
- The topics will be:
  - New corrosion challenges with respect to electrification of vehicles
  - Corrosion testing of automotive materials
  - Surface treatment and corrosion aspects of materials used in the automotive industry



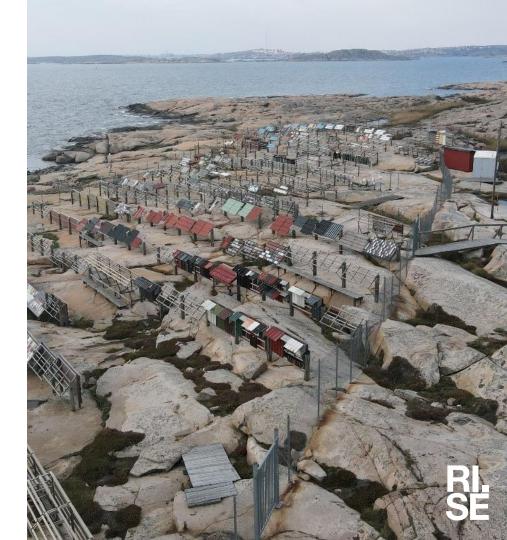
# Seminar: Reliable testing for materials and products

We welcome our existing customer at the test bed as well as all of you who wish to learn more about atmospheric corrosion testing.

### 19 May 2022

Program available at:

ri.se/en/events



Mobile corrosion test for automotive materials 2022-04-06

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