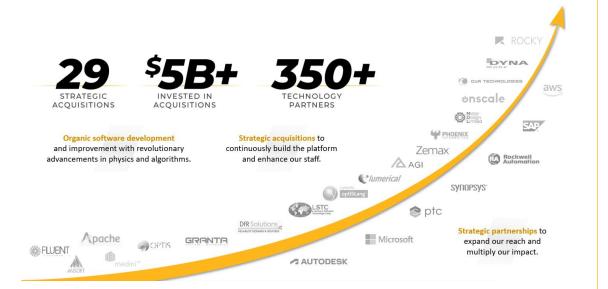
Using Simulation to increase reliability of Electronics

Andreas Rydin, andreas.rydin@ansys.com Jens Albrektsson, jens.Albrektsson@ansys.com 2023-10-17

//nsys

© Copyright 2023 ANSYS, Inc. / Confidential

50 Years of Simulation Innovation and Leadership

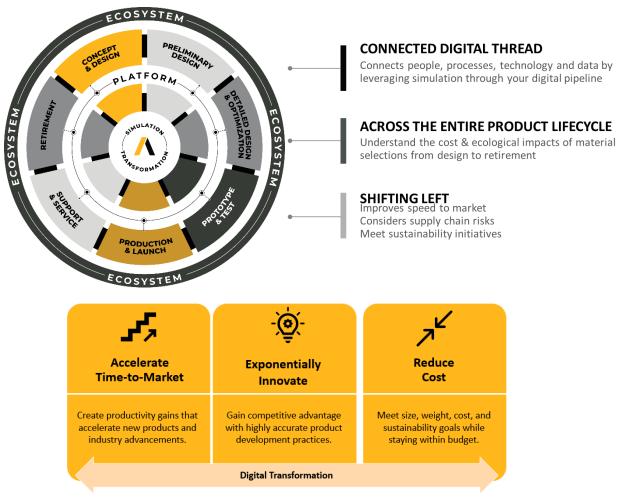


Ansys ongoing investment in critical simulation capabilities

✓ High Investments in R&D – on average ~20% of annual revenue (\$1.68B in 2020) as R&D budget.

- ✓ Gold Standard Comprehensive best-of-breed simulation portfolio across all physics. #1 in Engineering Simulation & Virtual Validation.
- Open ecosystem for total integration CAD/PLM/IoT agnostic, open to 3rd party simulation tools.

Digital Ecosystem to reduce physical prototypes

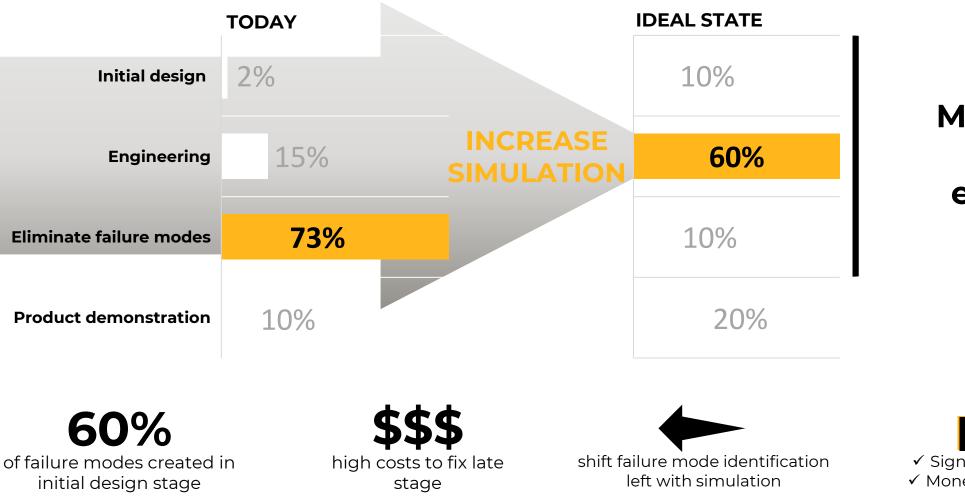




© 2022 ANSYS, Inc.

Almost 75% of R&D costs are spent in failure mode elimination

% OF PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT SPEND



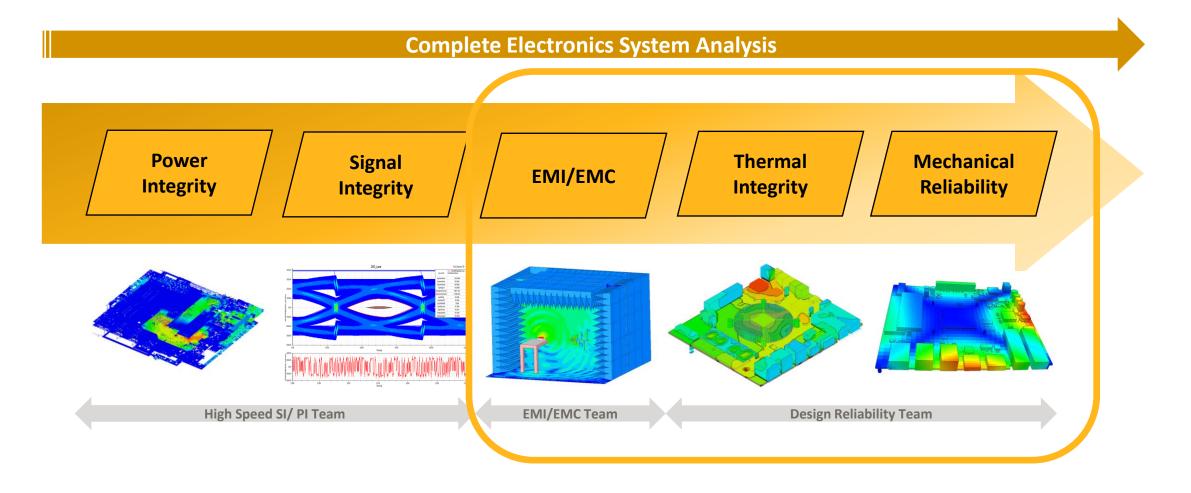
More upfront design exploration

✓ Significant cost & time reduction ✓ Monetizing digital transformation



© 2022 ANSYS, Inc.

Ansys Multiphysics Solutions for Electronics Systems





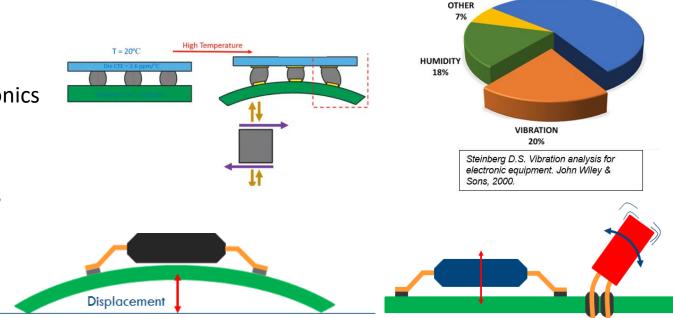
Mechanical Reliability

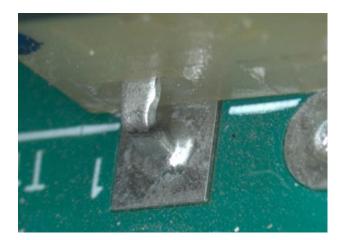
Andreas Rydin

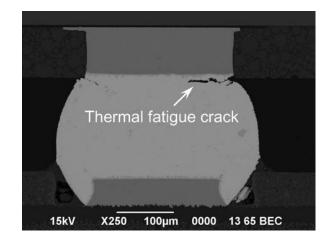


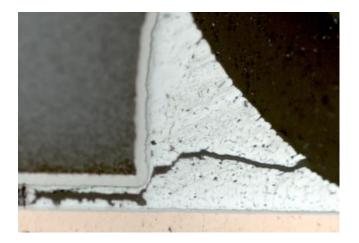
Concerns for Reliability?

- Some of the most common failure modes for electronics assemblies
 - Temperature cycling
 - Solder Joint Fatigue with/without system level effects
 - Vibrations
 - Harmonic (Sine) / Random Vibration / Shock
 - Environment











TEMPERATURE 55%

Printed Circuit Board (PCB) Background and Challenges

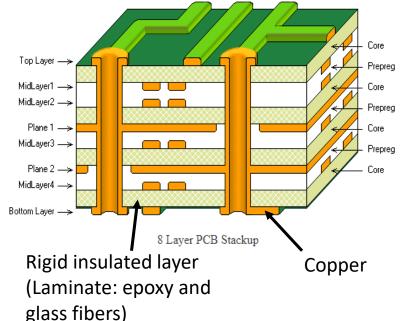
- As electronic devices have become smaller and find themselves in evermore applications, PCB designers are faced with developing more complex PCBs which are to be used in a wide range of use environments.
- To ensure product reliability, functionality, and a quick time-to-market, accurate and detailed simulation methods are necessary.
 - Simulation is often much quicker than physical testing and can be used early in the design process to ensure reliability, minimizing the amount of qualification testing needed.
- PCBs Geometrically complexity:
 - Large number of components with complex details.
 - Each PCB layer is unique with different copper and laminate geometries (e.g., traces and vias).
- Material Complexity:
 - Components and PCB often comprise several materials, each with different properties (composite structure).
 - Some materials exhibit creep and/or have temperature-dependent properties.
 - Fatigue and fracture are common concerns.

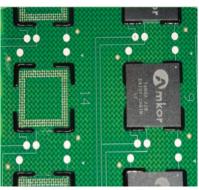


PCB



Parts/Components





Potting & Underfill



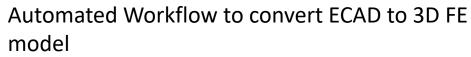
Levels of Electronics Reliability Testing

'				
Board Level	Detailed Modelling	Special Applications & Manufacturing		
 Pre-Processing Solutions Libraries (Components, Solders, Materials) Post-Processing Solutions Image: Component Solution Solution	 Structural and Thermal Analysis 	Drop tests, tumblingSolder Reflow & TIM Distribution		
	Substrate (high CTE) Die (low CTE)	C 1 S TORE The The The The The The The The The The		
	Thermal fatigue crack	Long pulse laser beam Recast Plasma Plume Heat Affected Zone Shockwaves Shockwaves		

Ansys

Efficient End-To-End Workflows focusing on ECAD

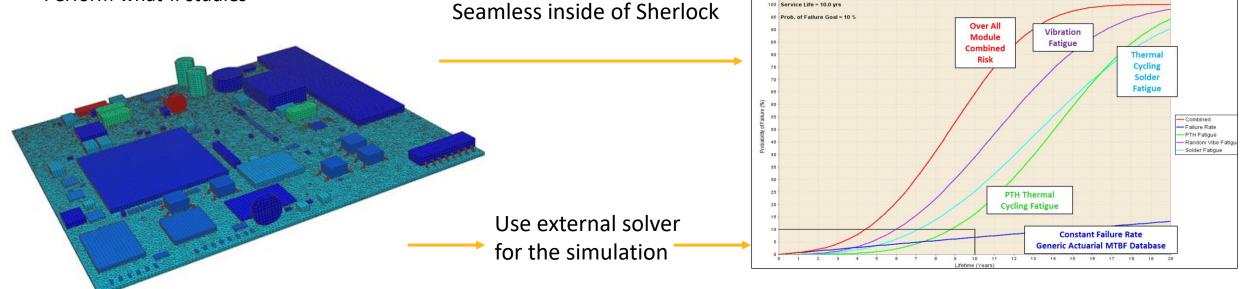
Pre-processing



- Save time
- Democratize electronic reliability simulations
- Perform what-if studies

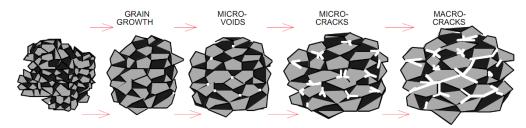
Post-processing

Convert Stresses, Strains and temperatures to Life Curves



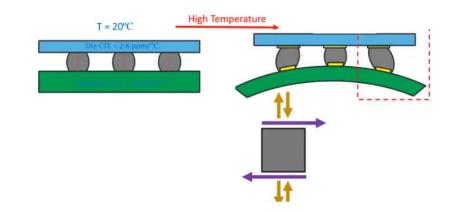


Solder Joint Fatigue – Introduction



Source: Werner Engelmaier, Engelmaier Associates, L.C.

- Mismatch in CTE & Stiffness between package and PCB causes thermal stresses during thermal/power cycling
- Damage is accumulated for each cycle ultimately causing failure
- Constitutive Models & Damage indicator
 - Due to homologous temperature being high, creep effects are expected to be dominant for power/thermal cycles
 - A wide range of different constitutive equations for the creep behaviour have been investigated and show similar creep behaviour over expected stress ranges
 - Suggested life model (A. Syed) for lead free solders (SnAgCu) on the form of
 - $Nf = (C * w_{acc})^{-1}$
 - Where w_{acc} corresponds to creep strain energy density within a cycle



Example of Creep Material Models

$\dot{\varepsilon}_{cr} = C_1 [\sinh(C_2 \sigma)]^{C_3} e^{-C_4/T}$	C . O
$\varepsilon_{cr} = c_1[\operatorname{SHIII}(c_2 \sigma)] = e^{-\varepsilon_4 r}$	C ₁ >0
$\dot{\varepsilon}_{cr} = C_1 e^{\sigma/C_2} e^{-C_3/T}$	C1>0
$\dot{\varepsilon}_{cr} = C_1 \sigma^{C_2} e^{-C_3/T}$	C1>0
	$\dot{\varepsilon}_{cr} = C_1 e^{\sigma/C_2} e^{-C_3/T}$



Typical Failed SnAgCu solder joint cross section. Ref: Accumulated creep strain and energy density based thermal fatigue life prediction models for SnAgCu solder joints, A Syed, ECTC 2004

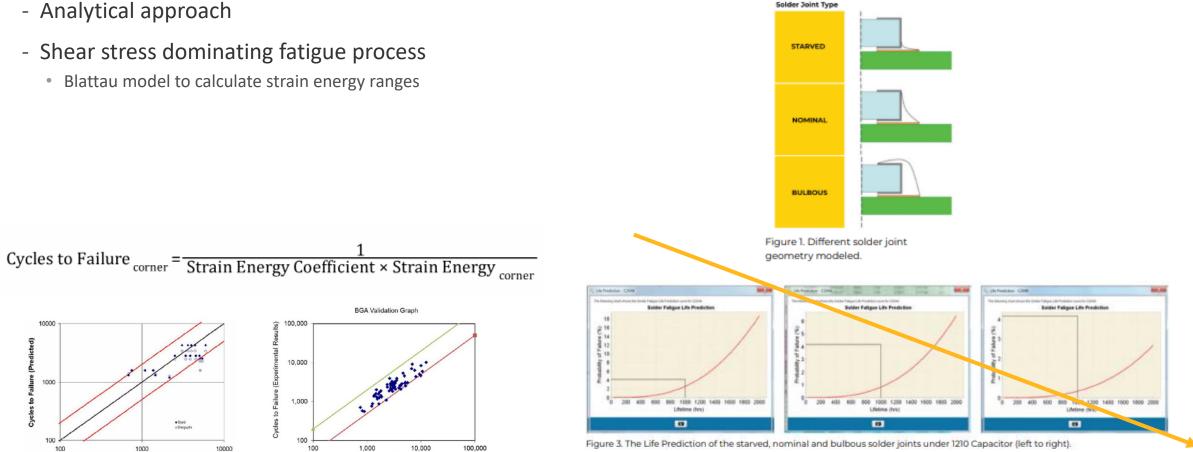
Solder Joint - Examples

Ansys Sherlock

- Analytical approach

Cycles to Failure (Experimental)

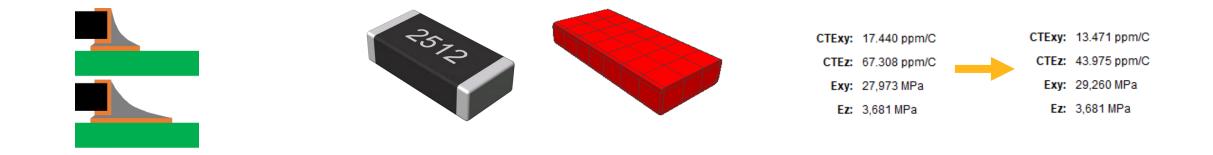
Solder shape study



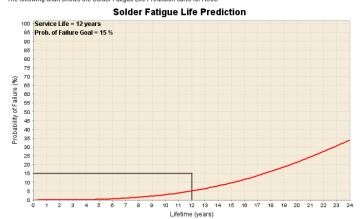


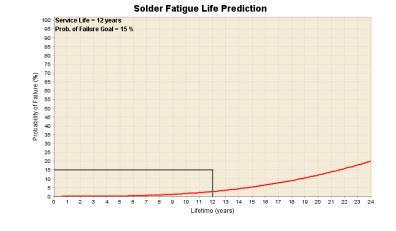
Cycles to Failure (Predicted by Software)

Solder Fatigue Mitigation



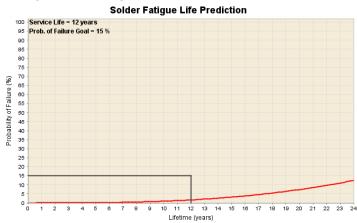
The following chart shows the Solder Fatigue Life Prediction curve for R500.





The following chart shows the Solder Fatigue Life Prediction curve for R500.

The following chart shows the Solder Fatigue Life Prediction curve for R500.



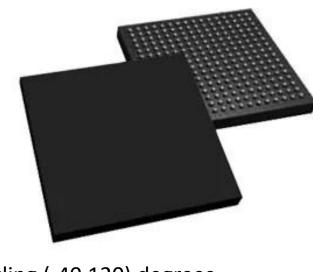
Change Pad Size?

Switch Package?

Change Laminate?

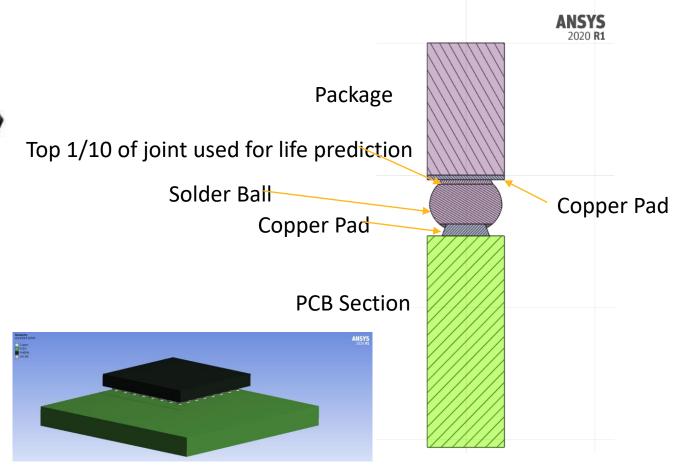


Solder Joint Fatigue - Examples



- BGA 17x17
- Temperature cycling (-40,120) degrees
- Materials
 - Package CTE 13.444 ppm/°C
 - PCB CTE_{XY} 18.533 ppm/°C
 - Underfill manufacturing data

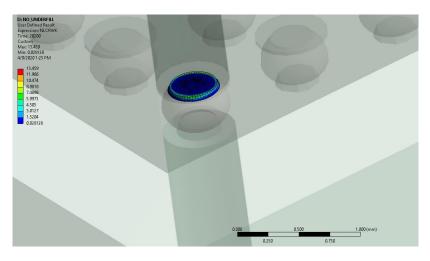
Below Tg	35
Above Tg	131
Glass Transition Temperature (Tg) by TMA, °C	125

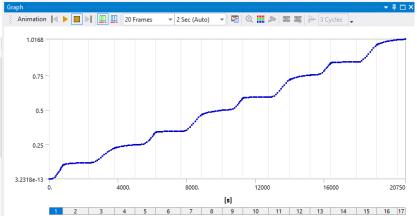


//nsys

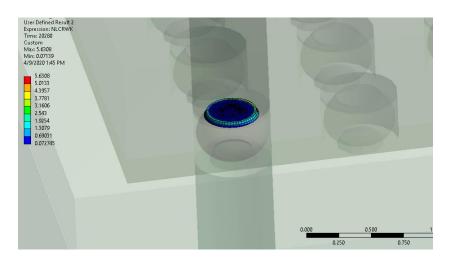
Solder Joint Fatigue - Examples

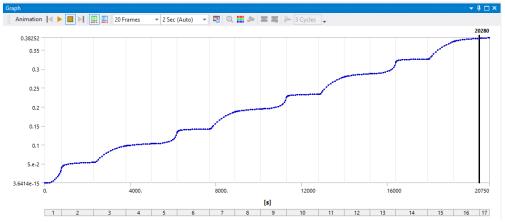
• Without Underfill – Time to Failure – **2050 cycles**





• With Underfill – Time to Failure – **5600 cycles**

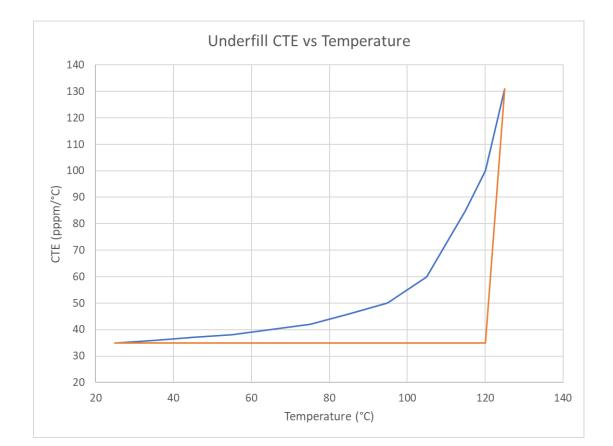






Solder Joint Fatigue - Examples

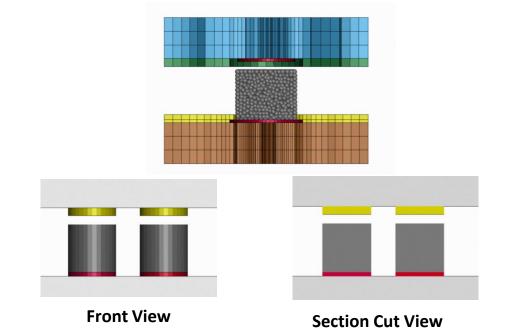
- Adding underfill to the BGA increased life of the component with a factor of 2.75 for the given thermal cycle profile
- Physical testing showed failures occurring significantly earlier. Why?
 - Glass transition temperature for underfill was closer to 110 degrees (compared to 125 provided by manufacturer)
 - Huge increase in CTE in the temperature range for the thermal cycle
- Revised simulations including new temperature dependent material for the underfill material
 - New, revised, life of the component 3200 cycles
 - Corresponds to a factor 1.5 life increase

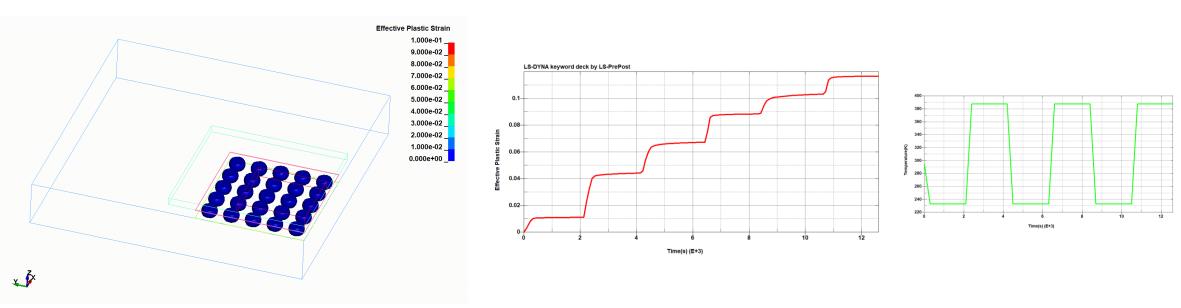




Including the manufacturing process

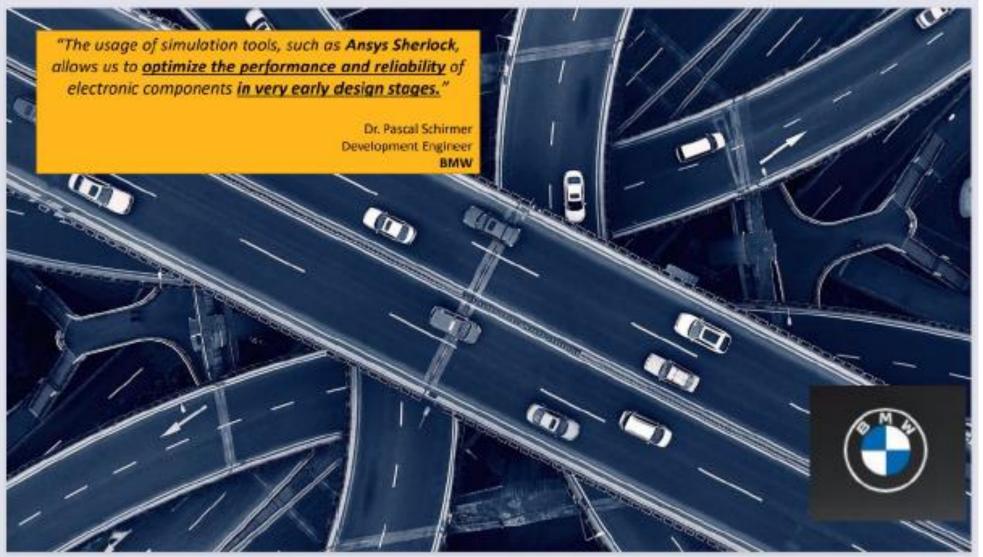
- Virtual testing of solder reflow manufacturing process
 - Predict defects before manufacturing (HoP, bridging, etc)
 - Include solder shape in downstream (virtual) testing







Customer quote:





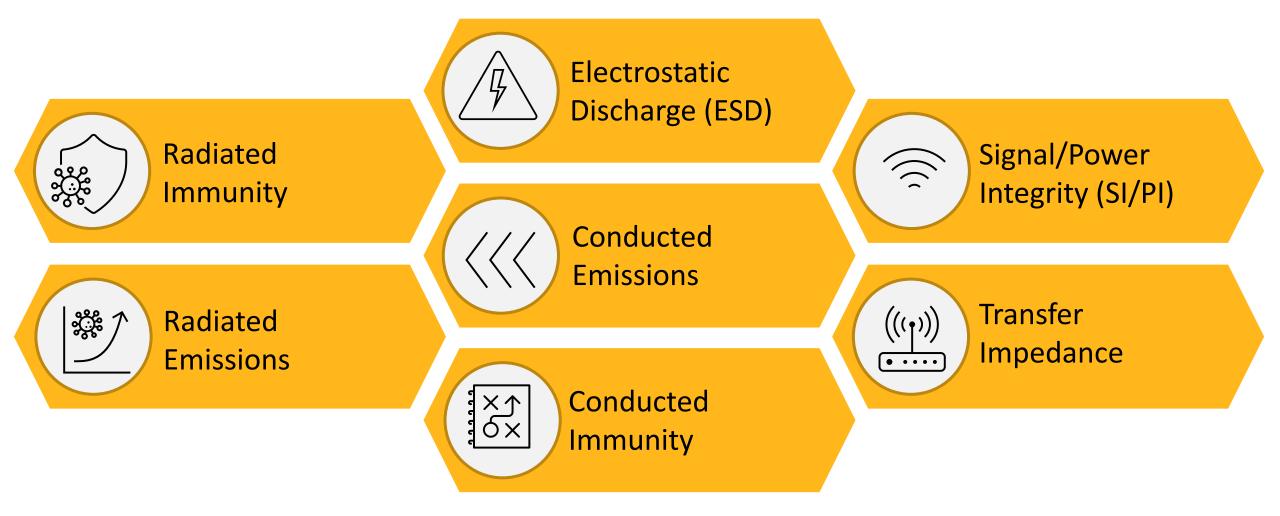
©2023 ANSYS, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility and Discharge

Jens Albrektsson

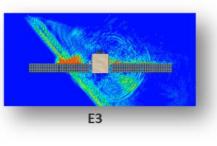


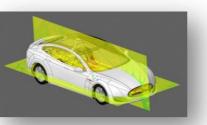
Ansys EMC Plus Addresses Many EMC Requirements



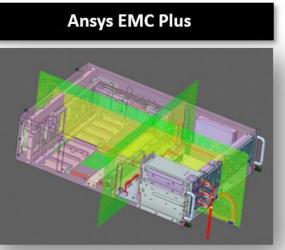


Ansys Electronics Plus Solutions

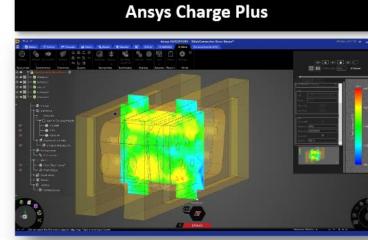




Cables



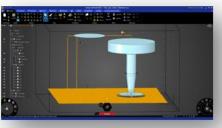
Ansys EMC Plus is a platform-level electromagnetic cable modeling and simulation tool that delivers a design-tovalidation workflow for EMC



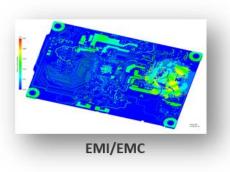
EMA3D Charge combines electromagnetic solvers, fluid solvers, and particle physics solvers to provide easy-to-use Multiphysics simulation.

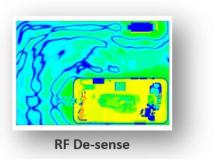


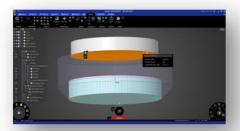
Lightning Strike











Semiconductor Plasma





ePowertrain EMC/EMI EV Impact

Engineering Goals

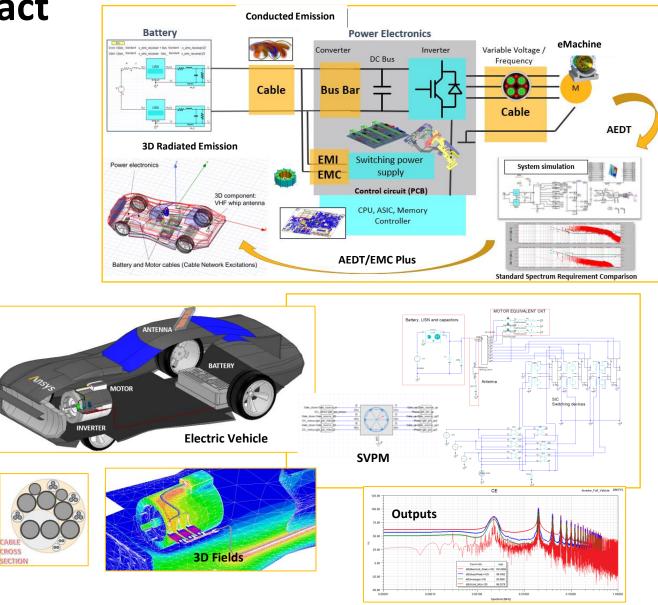
- Virtual prototyping of e-Powertrain EMC impact on the whole Electric Vehicle (EV).
- Accelerate GTM (Go-To-Market) for the Conducted and Radiated Emission (CE/RE) of Electromagnetic Compatibility/Interference (EMC/EMI) normative.
- Save high prototyping costs.

Solution

- High-Fidelity 2D/3D Component and 3D Vehicle EM Simulation: Industry leading for parasitic extraction of electronics components (Control/Power PCBs, power modules, busbar, common mode chokes, eMotor and its command) for CE and integration in full EV for RE. (Electronics Enterprise Suite: Maxwell, Q3D, SIwave, HFSS, Twin Builder, Circuit, EMC Plus, Charge Plus)
- **Circuit/System:** Advanced technology based on Ansys Circuit solver which combines robust Spice models import capability with advanced 3D/2D frequency domain models to state space conversion for non-linear time domain simulation. (*Twin Builder, Circuit*)
- **Model Coverage:** Analysis workflow configurable for all power electronics components: Inverters, battery chargers, DC-DC converters, control units for different car chassis and antennas. (*Electronics Enterprise Suite: Maxwell, Q3D, Slwave, HFSS, Twin Builder, Circuit, EMC Plus, Charge Plus*)

Benefits

• Reduce **prototyping cost by 30%** and **risk of delaying projects by 20%** in complying with the CE/RE EMC automotive normative.





Virtual EMI/EMC Test for Full Vehicle

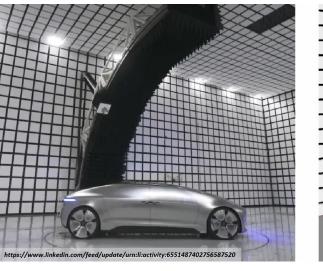
Engineering Goals

- First -pass electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) certification such as CISPR12/25/36, ISO11451-2.
- Reduce cost to compliance and time to market.
- Understand safety critical aspects in the vehicle.

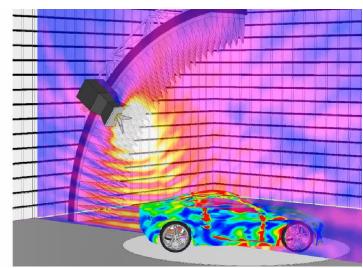
Solution

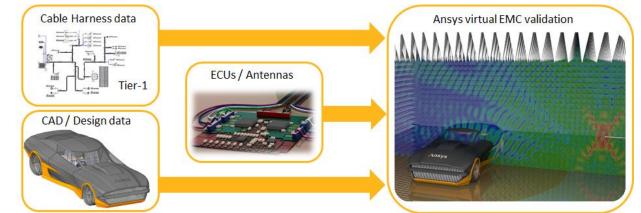
- Virtual EMC compliance: Accurately mimic test chamber to easily create virtual EMC tests.
- Solver technology and integrated workflow: Simulation toolchain integrated to provide compete EMC solution for ECUs -> EDS -> Antennas -> Vehicle in EMC chamber. (Slwave, HFSS, EMC Plus)

New Mercedes EMC Facility (2019)



Ansys virtual EMC test







Benefits

- Reduced time to market by 30% for EMC compliance.
- Lowers testing and design costs up to ~50% by reducing lab testing iterations during pre-compliance.
- **Early detection** of EMC issues at vehicle level before the physical prototype is ready.

Radiated Emissions Case Study

Ancuc



Ansys and EMA Help Intel Achieve the Impossible: EMI Simulation of an Entire Server

"The impact of this joint program on Intel has been that we went from not being able to even consider simulating a whole server to now having something that is doable," says Mendez-Ruiz. "It was a three-way effort and that what makes this story so compelling. Intel, Ansys, and EMA invested whatever effort was necessary to make it happen. It's a big win for all of us."

CHALLENGES

Cesar Mendez-Ruiz

"The I Signal Integrity Engineer / Intel being

whatever effort was necessary to make it happen. It's a big win for all of us."

dimensional line that shows the cable placement and a 2D cross section that reveals what's inside that one-dimensional line.

https://www.ansys.com/resource-center/case-study/ansys-and-ema-help-intel-achievethe-impossible-emi-simulation-of-entire-server

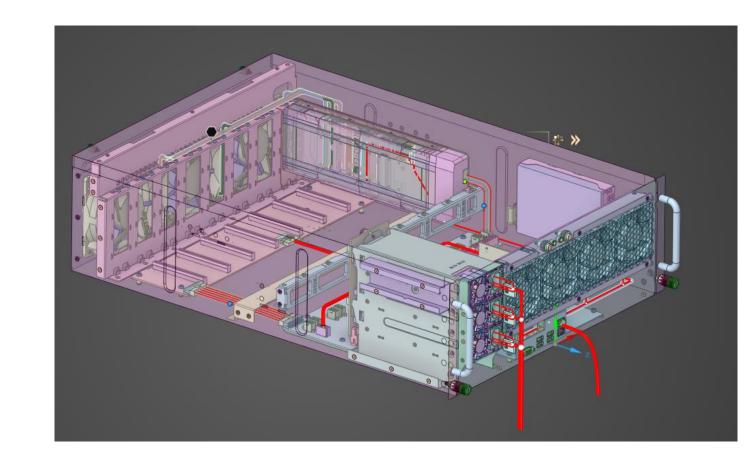


some that v

Cesar Mendez-Ruiz

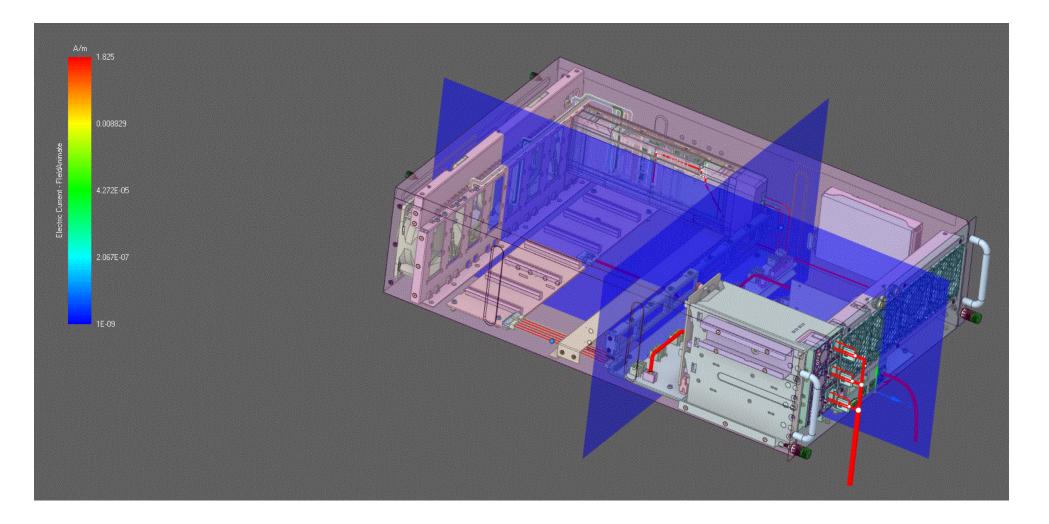
Full-Device Radiated Emissions Modeling

- Power Supplies
- Motherboard with CPU
 - Field Source for Motherboard and SODIMM from Slwave
- HDD
- GPU
- Cooling Fans
- Ethernet output
- Power Input





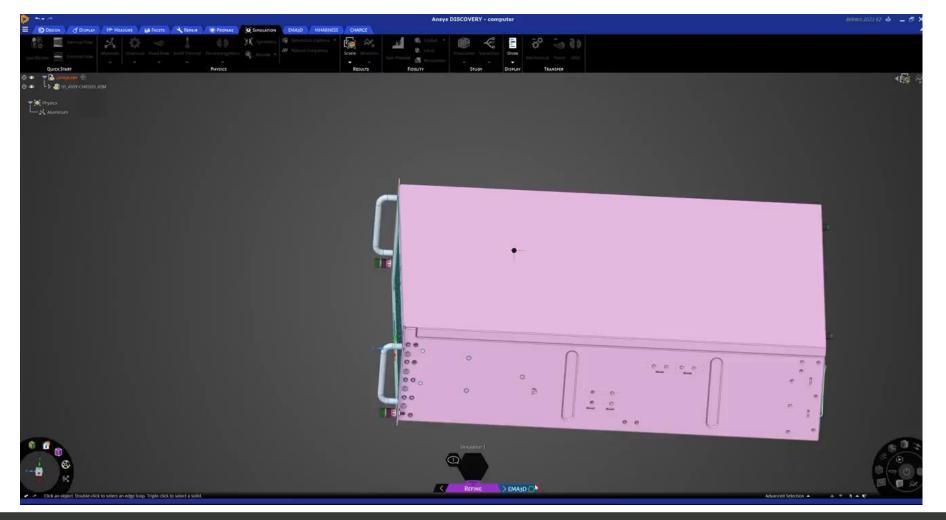






EMC simulations – Keeping up with Design Changes

You can get the **Shielding Effectiveness** of an enclosure **with a single click**! You just import the geometry and click one button. Simple as that.







- Reliability, EMC/EMI and ESD Simulation can now practically be used in early in product development due to the capacity to analyze industry size models, full systems and ease of use.
- Virtual testing can be used to replace or significantly reduce physical tests by understanding what would be the key conditions to test.
- Maximize the chance to pass certification test.
- Avoid late changes and find tradeoffs early to mitigate problems at significantly lower cost and risk.



